

# The Gathering Storm: A Revelation of the Rapture

written by Alfred Persson | November 15, 2024



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The congregation sat in solemn anticipation, their hearts suspended on the promise Paul penned long ago. “I do not want you to be ignorant, brethren, concerning those who have fallen asleep,” he wrote (1 Thess. 4:13). These words rang like a clarion call through the ages, revealing that death for the believer was not a bitter end but a temporary rest. For those in Christ, death held no dominion. Loved ones who had “fallen asleep” were not lost but waiting—held in a glorious, sacred rest until heaven itself would split open, and Christ would descend to awaken them.

Paul’s words brought comfort and assurance: “If we believe that Jesus died and rose again, even so God will bring with Him those who sleep in Jesus” (1 Thess. 4:14). Here was a hope that transcended sorrow. Just as Jesus triumphed over death, so too would all who trusted in Him. Their souls, ascended to paradise in the “third heaven” (2 Cor. 12:2-4), rested in a realm of incomprehensible peace, preserved by God. Yet their journey was not over. Christ had promised to bring them back, their souls renewed, at His return.

The skies would not remain silent forever. Before the sign of Christ’s *Parousia*—His “coming”—was visible, an “opening in the sky” (Rev. 19:11)

would pierce the heavens. It would flash across the firmament “like lightning from the east to the west” (Matt. 24:27), the portal through which Christ and His angelic forces would enter our realm. This would be “the sign of the Son of Man,” marking His arrival in power and great glory (Matt. 24:30).

Paul declared the unbreakable sequence of events, spoken “by the word of the Lord.” Those alive at Christ’s coming “will by no means precede those who are asleep” (1 Thess. 4:15). The stillness of the skies would erupt with the sound of a trumpet, the voice of an archangel would echo across creation, and a mighty shout would announce His arrival. The very air would tremble as the Lord Himself descended from heaven (1 Thess. 4:16).

The scene would be unparalleled, unimaginable. First, the dead in Christ would rise, their bodies resurrected, glorified in an instant. Then, “we who are alive and remain” would be swept up with them, “in the clouds to meet the Lord in the air” (1 Thess. 4:17). It would be a royal gathering of the faithful, a triumphant welcome for their returning King.

And in that moment, every believer—dead or living—would undergo a transformation. “We shall not all sleep, but we shall all be changed—in a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trumpet” (1 Cor. 15:51-52). Mortal bodies would shed their frailty, clothed in incorruption and made imperishable. The sting of death would be erased, swallowed up in eternal victory (1 Cor. 15:54).

This Rapture would take place amid the Great Tribulation, as believers suffered under the tyrannical reign of Adonikam the Beast. Persecution, fueled by refusal to accept the mark of the Beast, would push the faithful to their limits. Yet Scripture painted the timing clearly: “Here is the patience of the saints; here are those who keep the commandments of God and the faith of Jesus” (Rev. 14:12). The Rapture would not be an escape but a reward for enduring persecution.

John’s vision revealed the “harvest of the earth,” as Jesus, “One like the Son of Man,” appeared on a white cloud, crowned with a *stephanos* of victory (Rev. 14:14). This crown symbolized His triumph over death, and in His hand was a sharp sickle. The earth, scorched by tribulation, was ripe for harvest. At the command of an angel, Jesus would reap the faithful—those who had endured the trials and refused the Beast’s mark (Rev. 14:15-16).

But this harvest was distinct from the final judgment. A second sickle, wielded by an angel, would gather those destined for wrath. These souls would be cast into “the great winepress of the wrath of God,” their rebellion culminating in a blood-soaked reckoning (Rev. 14:17-19). This judgment would unfold after the bowls of God’s wrath were poured out (Rev. 16:1-21). Like two mountain peaks separated by a hidden valley, these events—Rapture and judgment—were close in prophecy but distinct in time.

“Immediately after the tribulation of those days,” the sun would darken, the moon would fail to give light, and the heavens themselves would tremble. Then, the “sign of the Son of Man” would appear, and all the tribes of the earth would mourn as they saw Him coming “on the clouds of heaven with power and great glory” (Matt. 24:29-30). The opening in the sky would terrify the nations, and among the Jews, a wave of mourning would spread as they recognized the Messiah they had rejected (Zech. 12:10-11). Their blindness would be lifted as their Deliverer came out of Zion (Rom. 11:26-32).

At the sound of the trumpet, Christ’s angels would gather the Elect from the farthest reaches of heaven and earth (Matt. 24:31; Dan. 12:1-3). This cosmic assembly would culminate in the descent of Christ’s armies upon the earth. His angels would gather the enemies of God for destruction at Armageddon, where vultures would feast on their flesh (Luke 17:26-37; Rev. 19:17-21).

As the dust of Armageddon settled, judgment would begin with the house of God—the separation of the sheep and the goats. But that, as Paul might say, is a story for another time. For now, the faithful awaited the Rapture, the divine gathering, when they would meet the Lord in the air and remain with Him forever. *This* was the promise of the ages, the triumph of the King, and the beginning of His eternal reign.